British Columbia Institute of Agrologists Financial Statements For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

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Independent Auditor's Report

To the board of directors of British Columbia Institute of Agrologists

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of British Columbia Institute of Agrologists (the Institute), which comprise the statement of financial position as at December 31, 2022, the statements of changes in net assets, operations and cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Institute as at December 31, 2022, and its results of operations and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of our report. We are independent of the Institute in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Canada, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Emphasis of Matter - Restated Comparative Information

We draw attention to Note 9 of the financial statements, which explains that certain comparative information presented for the year ended December 31, 2021 has been restated. The financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2021 (prior to the adjustments that were applied to restate certain comparative information explained in note 9) were audited by another auditor who expressed an unmodified opinion on those financial statements on May 19, 2022. Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.



Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Institute's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Institute or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Institute's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Institute's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.

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- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Institute's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Institute to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit

BDO Canada LLP

Chartered Professional Accountants

Vernon, British Columbia November 22, 2023

December 31	2022	 2021 (Restated)
Assets		
Current Cash Investments (Note 2) Accounts receivable Prepaid expenses	\$ 479,077 575,000 36,178 2,796	\$ 343,983 675,000 1,622 36,103
	1,093,051	1,056,708
Tangible capital assets (Note 3) Intangible capital assets (Note 4)	 73 92,932	 4,557 33,862
	\$ 1,186,056	\$ 1,095,127
Liabilities and Net Assets Current		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities (Note 5) Deferred revenue (Note 6)	\$ 51,342 181,156	\$ 58,716 190,855
	232,498	 249,571
Net Assets Internally restricted Unrestricted	 225,000 728,558	 225,000 620,556
	 953,558	 845,556
	\$ 1,186,056	\$ 1,095,127

British Columbia Institute of Agrologists Statement of Financial Position

On behalf of the Board:

Director

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

British Columbia Institute of Agrologists Statement of Changes in Net Assets

For the year ended December 31	Restricted Funds	Ur	nrestricted funds	2022 Total	2021 Total (Restated)
Balance, beginning of the year	\$ 225,000	\$	642,673	\$ 867,673 \$	782,943
Prior Period Adjustment - Note 9	 		(22,117)	(22,117)	(21,368)
Balance, beginning of the year, as restated Excess of revenues over	225,000		620,556	845,556	761,575
expenses	 -	••••••	108,002	 108,002	83,981
Balance, end of the year	\$ 225,000	\$	728,558	\$ 953,558 \$	845,556

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

For the year ended December 31	 2022 Total	 2021 Total (Restated)
Revenue Membership dues Professional development revenue Application and other fees Interest income Other revenue	\$ 1,036,279 42,183 1,850 5,506 23,450	\$ 720,810 43,508 26,775 3,456 21,580
	 1,109,268	 816,129
Expenses Amortization Bank charges and fees Council and executive fees Executive director expenses Insurance Office and miscellaneous Professional fees Rental Repairs and maintenance Salaries and benefits Transportation Travel Utilities	18,415 30,536 57,744 61,427 4,614 201,871 102,562 33,871 3,351 470,797 4,202 4,991 6,885	9,332 24,832 21,675 28,755 - 93,914 78,069 32,321 - 443,250 - - -
	 1,001,266	732,148
Excess of revenues over expenses	\$ 108,002	\$ 83,981

British Columbia Institute of Agrologists Statement of Operations

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

For the year ended December 31	2022	2021
Cash flows from operating activities Cash receipts from members Cash paid to suppliers and employees Interest received Bank Charges and Fees	\$ 1,059,507 \$ (926,382) 5,506 (30,536)	886,841 (717,574) 3,456 (24,832)
	108,095	147,891
Cash flows from investing activities Purchase of investments Proceeds on investments Purchase of capital assets	(575,000) 675,000 (73,001) 26,999	(675,000) 625,000 (1,707) (51,707)
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Net increase in cash	135,094	96,184
Cash, beginning of the year	343,983	247,799
Cash, end of the year	\$ 479,077 \$	343,983

British Columbia Institute of Agrologists Statement of Cash Flows

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

December 31, 2022

1. Significant Accounting Policies

Nature and Purpose of Organization	British Columbia Institute of Agrologists (the Institute) is a non- profit organization incorporated under the laws of the British Columbia Agrologists Act. The Professional Governance Act took effect on February 5, 2021 which resulted in the repeal of the Agrologists Act. The Professional Governance Act provides a consistent governance framework for self-regulating professions and governs the five regulatory bodies overseeing agrologists, applied biologists, applied science technologists and technicians, engineers and geoscientists, and forest professionals. The Institute is engaged to ensure that all members apply, represent, and maintain the highest ethical standards of professional conduct and competence. The Institute is an agricultural organization under the Income Tax Act.
Basis of Accounting	The financial statements have been prepared using Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations.
Use of Estimates	The preparation of financial statements in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from management's best estimates as additional information becomes available.
Financial Instruments	Financial Instruments are recorded at fair value when acquired or issues. In subsequent periods, financial instruments are reported at cost or amortized cost less impairment. If applicable, financial instruments are tested for impairment when changes in circumstances indicate the asset could be impaired. Transaction costs on the acquisition, sale or issue of the financial instruments are charged to the financial instruments.
Cash	Cash consists of cash on hand and bank balances.

December 31, 2022

1. Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Tangible Capital AssetsCapital assets are stated at cost less accumulated amortization.
Contributed capital assets are recorded at fair value at the date
of contribution and are amortized, unless fair value is not
determinable in which case contributed capital assets are
recorded at nominal value at the date of contribution.
Expenditures for repairs and maintenance are expensed as
incurred. Betterments that extend the useful life of the capital
asset are capitalized.

Amortization based on the estimated useful life of the asset is calculated as follows:

	Method	Rate
Computer hardware and software	Straight-line	2 years
Furniture and equipment	Straight-line	5 years

Intangible Capital Assets Intangible assets with finite useful lives are amortized over their estimated useful lives as follows:

	Method	Rate
Website	Straight-line	8 years

Intangible assets with finite useful lives are tested for impairment when events or circumstances indicate that their carrying amount may not be recoverable. The impairment test entails comparing the estimated future undiscounted cash flows associated with the asset to the asset's carrying amount to determine if a write down to fair value is required.

Research costs are expensed when incurred.

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Expenditures on internally generated intangible assets in the development phases are expensed as incurred unless they meet the criteria for capitalization and amortization. Capitalized development expenditures are recorded at cost and amortized on a straight line basis over 8 years.

December 31, 2022

1. Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Revenue Recognition	The Institute follows the deferral method of accounting for contributions.
	Membership dues, application and other fees are recorded when received or receivable. Membership dues, application and other fees are received in advance to the year to which they relate are recorded as deferred revenue.
	Professional development fees are recorded as revenue when received or receivable.
	Interest income is recognized as revenue in the appropriate fund when earned.
	Other revenue consists of late fees, reinstatement charges, and ethics workshops. Late fees are recognized as revenue when received or receivable. Reinstatement charges are recorded as revenue when received. Ethics workshops are recognized as revenue when the workshop has been provided.
Contributed Services	Volunteers contribute many hours per year to assist the Institute in carrying out its activities. Due to the difficulty of determining their fair value, contributed services are not recognized in the financial statements.

December 31, 2022

2. Investments

The carrying amounts of investments are comprised of the following:

		2022	 2021
At amortized cost: Guaranteed Investment Certificate, bearing interest at 2.25%, maturing September 2023 Guaranteed Investment Certificate, matured during	\$	575,000	\$ -
the year		-	 675,000
	<u>\$</u>	575,000	\$ 675,000

3. Tangible Capital Assets

2022				2021			
	Cost				Cost		umulated ortization
\$	18,420	\$	18,420	\$	18,420	\$	14,330
	13,142		13,069		13,142		12,675
	31,562		31,489		31,562		27,005
		\$	73			\$	4,557
	\$	<u>Cost</u> \$ 18,420 13,142	Acc Cost Am \$ 18,420 \$ 13,142	Accumulated Cost Amortization \$ 18,420 \$ 18,420 13,142 13,069 31,562 31,489	Accumulated Amortization \$ 18,420 \$ 18,420 \$ 13,142 \$ 13,069 31,562 31,489	Accumulated Amortization Cost \$ 18,420 \$ 18,420 \$ 18,420 13,142 13,069 13,142 31,562 31,489 31,562	Accumulated Cost Accumulated Amortization Accumulated Cost Accumulated C

4. Intangible Capital Assets

	20	2022			21			
	Cost	Accumulated Cost Amortization					Accumulated t Amortization	
Website	<u>\$ 111,458</u>	\$	18,526 \$	38,456	\$	4,594		
		\$	92,932		\$	33,862		

December 31, 2022

5. Government Remittances

Included in accounts payable and accrued liabilities are government remittances payable of \$11,524 (2021 - \$15,742).

6. Deferred Revenue

The balance of \$191,467 (2021 - \$190,855) represents membership fees received in advance for the subsequent period. These amounts are recorded as a liability as they are unearned at year end.

Changes in the deferred revenue balance are as follows::

	 2022	 2021
Beginning balance Add: amounts received related to expenses of a	\$ 190,855	\$ 116,320
subsequent period Less: amounts recognized as revenue in the year	 181,156 (190,855)	 190,855 (116,320)
Ending balance	\$ 181,156	\$ 190,855

7. Restricted for Future Expenses

The Board of Directors of the Institute have internally restricted \$225,000 (2021 - \$225,000) of net assets for potential legal and other costs that may arise in overseeing and administering professional conduct related issues of the Institute's members.

December 31, 2022

8. Financial Instruments

Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that one party to a financial instrument will cause a financial loss for the other party by failing to discharge an obligation. The Institute is exposed to credit risk resulting from the possibility that a customer or counterparty to a financial instrument defaults on their financial obligations; if there is a concentration of transactions carried out with the same counterparty; or of financial obligations which have similar economic characteristics such that they could be similarly affected by changes in economic conditions. The Institute's financial assets that are exposed to concentrations of credit risk relate primarily to its cash and investments.

The Institute minimizes its credit exposure on derivative contracts by entering into transactions only with counterparties that are major investment-grade international financial institutions. The Institute restricts investments in debt instruments to those whose credit are independently rated to be of Investment Grade.

The Institute is also exposed to credit risk arising from all cash and investments being held at one financial institution.

9. Prior Period Adjustment

During the year, management reassessed the costs that were previously capitalized and amortization related to the Website. Management determined that there were costs which were inappropriately capitalized. Management also determined that the Website has a finite useful life and it should be amortized. These changes have been accounted for retrospectively resulting in the following adjustments to the 2021 Statement of Financial Position (Intagible capital assets), Statement of Operations (Office expenses and amortization) and Statement of Changes in Net Assets (Unrestricted funds).

December 31, 2021	As p	previously Stated	A	djustment	 Restated
Website Accumulated amortization	\$	77,348	\$	(38,892)	\$ 38,456
Website		-		(4,594)	(4,594)
Unrestricted funds		(664,042)		21,368	(642,674)
Office expenses		70,467		17,524	87,991
Amortization		4,738		4,594	9,332

December 31, 2022

10. Commitments

The Institute is committed to base rental payments for office premises and office equipment as follows:

2023	27,462
2024	2,430

11. Comparative Figures

Certain comparative figures have been reclassified to conform to the current year's presentation.